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Exam Code: HP0-790

HP ProCurve Routing Switch Essentials v5.21

Demo Version

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HP0-790

1. Which step is necessary to enable administrators to use the web interface to make configuration changes on a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m?

- A. Configure local user accounts.
- B. Assign a password to the system-defined super user.
- C. Configure SNMP management workstations at the CLI.
- D. Define a read/write SNMP community.

Answer: D

2. What is a difference between the configuration of IP addresses on the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m and the Switch 5300xl?

- A. On the 9300m, IP addresses are assigned to port interfaces associated with VLANs. On the 5300xl, IP addresses are assigned directly to VLANs.
- B. On the 9300m, IP addresses are assigned to virtual interfaces associated with VLANs. On the 5300xl, IP addresses are assigned directly to VLANs.
- C. On the 9300m, IP addresses are always assigned directly to ports, with ports in a VLAN sharing the same address. On the 5300xl, the IP addresses can be configured only for VLANs and not for individual ports.
- D. On the 9300m, a VLAN must have an IP address in order to be active. On the 5300xl, VLANs do not require IP addresses.

Answer: B

3. The global context in the running configuration of a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m includes the spanning-tree single 802-1w command. However, each of the VLAN contexts includes the spanning-tree command. How will the switch implement Spanning Tree?

- A. The switch will implement the Spanning Tree version included in BPDUs it receives from neighbors.
- B. The switch will implement a single instance of IEEE 802.1w.
- C. The switch will not join a Spanning Tree because of the mismatch between configured versions.
- D. The switch will implement per-VLAN IEEE 802.1D and ignore the global configuration command.

Answer: B

4. Clients in two separate subnets are associated with VLAN 40 on a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m. Which technology must be implemented in order for the 9300m to provide default gateway service to all clients?

- A. Policy Based Routing
- B. variable subnet masks
- C. Network Address Translation
- D. multinetting

Answer: D

5. On a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m, the output of the show ip ospf int command shows that the BDR Router ID for interface ve 79 is 0.0.0.0. What does this indicate?

- A. Routes through ve 79 are summarized.
- B. The 9300m is the BDR for interface ve 79.
- C. The 9300m has no neighbors on interface ve 79.
- D. No OSPF area has been configured for interface ve 79.

Answer: C

6. What is a difference between the three models in the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m series?

- A. the number of available module slots
- B. the size of the frame buffer
- C. the number of supported routing protocols
- D. the number of supported Layer 3 protocols

Answer: A

7. A customer network includes Novell NetWare legacy IPX clients. Which ProCurve switch can route packets on behalf of these clients?

- A. 3400cl
- B. 4100gl
- C. 5300xl
- D. 9300m

Answer: D

8. Which routing protocols are supported by the ProCurve 9300m Routing Switch series?

- A. MPLS, OSPF, RIP

- B. BGP, OSPF, RIP C.
- BGP, IS/IS, OSPF
- D. IGRP/EIGRP, OSPF, RIP

Answer: B

9. Which statement is true regarding the management module of the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m?
- A. All transiting traffic is forwarded to the CPU on the management module for lookup using its routing table.
 - B. The management module contains the master forwarding engine that handles all transiting traffic.
 - C. The console port on the management module provides an out-of-band serial connection.
 - D. The management module can assume forwarding responsibilities on behalf of any failed port module in the switch.

Answer: C

10. How many ports are available on a 10GbE port module for the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m?
- A. 2
 - B. 4
 - C. 8
 - D. 16

Answer: A

11. How does the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m's distributed switching architecture provide better performance than centralized switching architectures?
- A. Congestion is minimized because no packets transit the switch's central backplane.
 - B. Security is enhanced because all packets are evaluated by the switch's central CPU.
 - C. Availability is maximized because each module contains a separate copy of all known routing and configuration information.
 - D. Forwarding efficiency is improved because individual modules and groups of ports perform separate lookup operations.

Answer: D

12. What is the role of the shared memory switch fabric on a 16-port module on the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m?
- A. provide a buffer for all ports on the module
 - B. provide a buffer for a group of four ports
 - C. provide a buffer for all configured trunks on the module
 - D. provide a buffer for communications with the management module

Answer: B

13. You must configure a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m that has two management modules and is set to factory defaults. You will use a direct serial connection to perform the initial configuration. To which management module should you connect?
- A. The module with the Active LED lit.
 - B. The module in the highest numbered slot.
 - C. Either management module can be used.
 - D. The module with the lowest MAC address.

Answer: A

14. When is the boot code synchronized on redundant management modules of a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m?
- A. when an administrator issues the sync-standby boot command
 - B. when the 9300m is rebooted using the sync-reload boot command
 - C. when the second management module is inserted
 - D. when an administrator issues the reset command

Answer: A

15. You must issue the dual-mode command for port 1 in slot 4 on a ProCurve Routing Switch 9304m provisioned with two eight-port management modules and two 16-port 100/1000 modules. Which command will place you in the correct context?
- A. 9304m(config)#int e 4/1
 - B. 9304m(config)#int e d1
 - C. 9304m(config)#int e 33
 - D. 9304m(config)#int e 1/4

Answer: A

16. Which level in the CLI hierarchy of the ProCurve Switch 5300x1 is similar to the "User EXEC" level on the Routing Switch 9300m?

- A. Manager
- B. Privileged
- C. Configuration
- D. Operator

Answer: D

17. You must copy the configurations of a ProCurve Switch 5300xl and a Routing Switch 9300m to a TFTP server. What is the difference between the processes for performing this task on the two switch models?

- A. The 5300xl allows you to enter the copy command from a configuration context. The 9300m requires you to enter the Privileged EXEC level.
- B. The 5300xl uses the copy command for this task. The 9300m uses a specialized backup command.
- C. The 5300xl requires you to exit all configuration contexts before entering the copy command. The 9300m allows you to enter the command in any context.
- D. The 5300xl requires you to enter the Manager context before issuing the copy command. The 9300m requires you to enter the global configuration context.

Answer: A

18. An administrator enters show ip interface ve 77 at the CLI of a ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m. The output of the command shows that the port state is "DOWN." What does this indicate?

- A. IP routing has not been enabled for ve 77.
- B. The VLAN associated with ve 77 has no active ports.
- C. No VLAN is associated with ve 77.
- D. No IP address has been configured for ve 77.

Answer: B

19. Which configuration context must you enter before configuring an IP address associated with a VLAN on the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m?

- A. VLAN configuration context
- B. global configuration context
- C. router configuration context
- D. interface configuration context

Answer: D

20. Which statements are true regarding Telnet access to the ProCurve Routing Switch 9300m? Select TWO.

- A. Telnet can be disabled at any time.
- B. Telnet is enabled by default and cannot be disabled.
- C. Telnet cannot use local user accounts for authentication.
- D. Telnet is available as soon as IP is enabled on the first interface.
- E. Telnet must be manually enabled after configuration of the first IP interface.

Answer: AD